

BRITISH RETAKE
MOST OF GROUND
WON BY GERMANSRegain Old Positions in Vil-
lage of Longueval and
Delville Wood.HARD FIGHTING REPORTED
AS STILL IN PROGRESSTo South of the Somme French
Report Capture of Several
Teuton Trenches.

HEAVY FIRING NEAR VERDUN

Russians Cross Carpathians and Now
One Day's March Into
Hungary.

There has been no abatement in the sanguinary struggle between the British and Germans north of the Somme which began on Tuesday after a German bombardment and an attack by heavy infantry forces which gave to the Teutons parts of the village of Longueval and Delville wood.

In counterattacks on Wednesday the British succeeded in regaining most of the territory they had lost, and in addition dispersed with their artillery a large body of Germans who were massing for another attack to the south of Delville wood. Hard fighting is still going on in this sector. To the south of the Somme, the French report the capture of several German trenches.

Around Verdun in the region of hill 204 and on the Fleury sector the Germans are heavily bombarding the French positions, probably presaging the usual infantry attacks.

RUSSIAN BOMBARDING

GERMAN POSITIONS
The Russians in the vicinity of Riga are hammering hard with infantry and artillery. Field Marshal von Hindenburg's forces, but according to Berlin all their attacks thus far have failed with heavy losses. Further south in Volhynia, the Russians along the Stokhod River and to the west and southwest of Lutsk are heavily bombarding the positions of the Teutonic allies.

While Petrograd asserts that the Russians in Galicia are advancing toward the passes of the Carpathian mountains leading to the plains of Hungary, Vienna says that southwest of Delatin the Austrians have driven the Russians back across the river Pruth.

German naval aircraft have dropped a large number of bombs on Rev 1 in the Gulf of Finland, causing, according to Berlin, damage to Russian cruisers, troop boats and submarines in the gulf and to military establishments on land.

In Asia Minor, south of Trebizond, additional gains for the Russians against the Turks are chronicled by Petrograd, while Constantinople reports slight successes for the Turkish arms against the British along the Taurus River and north of the Persian Gulf near Basra. In addition, the Turks are declared to have defeated the Italians in Northern Tripoli, at Misratah.

VIOLENT FIGHTING

STILL IN PROGRESS

LONDON, July 19.—British forces today regained positions lost to the Germans yesterday at Delville wood and Longueval, and British fire dispersed the Teutons massing for attacks on the Waterlot farm, according to a dispatch received here to-night from General Hall. Violent fighting in the Longueval territory is still in progress, according to reports received from the English front this afternoon. These dispatches seem to confirm recent statements of correspondents that the attempt to retake Delville wood and the Kaiser's force in the western battles are weakening.

Because of rain, which is impeding operations, comparative calm exists on the French front.

The Czar's troops, following a series of successes, have gradually approached nearer Vladimir-Volynski and Kovel, the Russian advance to Stoyanoff and Sokol threatening German communications between Kovel and Lemberg. Capture of Lemberg is the object of the Slavs.

In the Carpathians, the Russians have occupied two important eastern mountain passes—Jablontza and Kiri-baba, and the Delatin-Budapest Railway is in their hands. Cossacks are moving in the rear of General Pflanzer's troops, apparently with an invasion of Hungary. A one-day march into Hungary by Russian troops, who are threatening the Austrian rear in the mountains, is contained in a recent report.

The Czar's army continues its progress in Asia Minor. A report from Roume says the Turks have evacuated, for the second time, the town of Kermanshah.

FRENCH MAKE PROGRESS

ON VERDUN FRONT

PARIS, July 19.—The French made some progress last night on the Verdun front, in the vicinity of Fleury, says to-day's official report. Artillery actions continue in this sector.

A German raid in the region of Paschendaele, Belgium, was checked by the French fire, as was a raid north of the Alsne, near Paeszy.

Along the greater part of the front the night was quiet.

The statement follows:
The night was calm over the greater part of the front. Two surprise attacks delivered by the enemy against small French posts, one in Belgium in the region of Paschendaele, the other north of the Alsne, near Paeszy, were repulsed by our fire.

On the Verdun front, east of the

LITTLE HOPE FOR
TRANSFER OF CAMPNo Room at Tobyhanna or Fort
Myer, Says Message
to Sale.

SITE AT RADIO SUGGESTED

Unofficial Report Says Camp
Stuart Troops May Be En-
camped With District Militia.

Virginia troops will not go either to Tobyhanna, Pa., or to Fort Myer in the near future, according to a message received yesterday evening by Adjutant-General Sale from the Department of the East, headquarters at Governor's Island, N. Y. Each of the training camps recommended by General Sale is reported to have no room for the Virginia organizations.

Eight batteries of field artillery are already in camp at Tobyhanna, says the telegram to General Sale, and there is no place for the First Virginia Battalion. Fort Myer is occupied with District of Columbia militiamen, and cannot receive soldiers from Camp Stuart.

Adjutant-General Sale said last night that the message apparently meant that the Virginia soldiers would have to remain where they are for the present. Efforts may be made later to secure some other training ground for the men in Camp Stuart, but negotiations now appear to be at a standstill.

In apparent contradiction of the message received by Adjutant-General Sale came an unofficial report from Washington which indicated that an early order for Virginia troops to move to radio, near Fort Myer, might be expected. The communication follows:

"Major Fenton, commandant at Fort Myer, rode over the District militia's mobilization site at Radio to-day to ascertain whether or not there was room for the Virginia organization. He decided there was."

GENERAL SALE DISCREDITS

RADIO CAMP REPORT

"The mounted organizations probably will be assigned to location near the site now occupied by the two batteries of field artillery and the troop of cavalry of the District militia. The Field Hospital Corps will most likely be assigned to the site vacated by the District Hospital Corps, now on the border. Accommodation for the other organizations can be provided on the site left vacant by the First Separate Battalion."

Adjutant-General Sale was inclined to place little confidence in the report just quoted.

As has been stated before, Adjutant-General Sale's wish to move the soldiers from Camp Stuart is not caused by defects in the camp site, but by the fact that at the regular army posts the men can receive target practice, both with small arms and with the field artillery, and can have the use of the horses.

A happier crowd of men than the engineer company at Camp Stuart may be finding somewhere around Richmond, but they have not come out into the open. The engineers have received their uniforms. For fourteen days they have been tenting on the Fair Grounds, wearing whatever clothing they came in and hoping every day for real uniforms.

ENGINEERS EXPECT TOOLS

AND EQUIPMENT SOON

From hat to shoes the new outfit is complete. The only things lacking are green cords to go around the hats to distinguish the engineers from other branches of the service. The quartermaster's department issued the khaki early yesterday afternoon, and by night the entire company was clamoring to go to the city to show off their new clothes. Engineering tools and equipment are expected shortly.

By hard recruiting efforts the membership of the engineer company has been raised to more than seventy, and the men hope soon to go before the inspecting officers for mustering into the Federal service. Officers of the company are confident that a very small percentage of their men will be eliminated by the physical examination.

On account of the scarcity of engineer companies in the militia of the United States, there is reported to be need for more men of that branch on the border. Officers of the Virginia company think that they will be ordered to some point in Texas soon after they are mustered in and have received their complete equipment.

TERRITORY ASSIGNED

TO RECRUITING OFFICERS

The recently summoned recruiting details are still at Camp Stuart waiting orders. All of the ten officers and thirty men have been mustered in, and are ready to go to their stations whenever the order comes from the Department of the East. Adjutant-General Sale said yesterday that he thought the details would leave right away, possibly to-day.

The assignment of territory to the recruiting officers is as follows:
First Regiment—Major A. Percy, headquarters at Lynchburg. Territory, Counties of Amherst, Nelson, Buckingham, Cumberland, Powhatan, Henrico, Hanover, Caroline, King George, King William and Westmoreland.

Captain R. E. Wilkins, headquarters at Danville. Territory, Counties of Patrick, Franklin, Henry, Pittsylvania, Halifax, Charlotte, Bedford, Campbell and Appomattox.

Captain W. W. Burns, headquarters at Staunton. Territory, Counties of Albemarle, Rockingham, Albemarle, Greene, Madison, Orange, Louisa, Fluvanna and Goochland.

Second Regiment—Major W. T. John, son, headquarters at Fredericksburg. Territory, Counties of Spotsylvania, Stafford, Culpeper, Rappahannock, Page, Shenandoah, Frederick, Clarke, Warren, Loudoun, Fauquier, Fairfax, Prince William and Alexandria.

Captain J. V. Bldgood, Jr., headquar-

German Soldiers Rewarded for Their Bravery in Battle



German Crown Prince distributes from crosses among valorous troops who are repelling allied attack. This photograph arrived in this country on the German transatlantic super-submarine Deutschland.

LA FOLLETTE PREVENTS
FINAL VOTE ON NAVAL BILLAttacks Preparedness Program as
Product of Agitation by
Moneyed Interests.

NEWSPAPERS ALSO IN LEAGUE

Unsuccessful Fight Made by Penn-
sylvania Senators on Section of
Measure Providing for \$11,000,000
Government Armor Plant.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—An attack by Senator La Follette on the general preparedness program as the product of agitation by moneyed interests aided by the metropolitan press, prevented a final vote in the Senate to-day on the naval bill. The Wisconsin Senator had not completed his speech when the Senate adjourned to-night, and did not indicate how long he planned to continue. The general belief, however, was that a vote would be reached to-morrow.

Most of to-day was taken up with an unsuccessful fight by Senators Oliver and Penrose on the section of the bill providing for a \$11,000,000 government armor plant. By a vote of 51 to 17 the Senate defeated a motion to strike out the section, and then voted down, 49 to 15, the Oliver amendment to refer the armor controversy to the Federal Trade Commission for settlement.

CONDITIONS DO NOT WARRANT

PROPOSED INCREASES

Senator La Follette contended vigorously that neither conditions confronting the nation nor the testimony given before the congressional naval committee warranted the proposed navy increases.

"A total of \$844,000,000 is the load that goes on the bent backs of the American people," he declared.

"Why is this to be done? If it is necessary now, why was it not necessary four years ago? You knew then what was the naval and military strength of all the foreign countries, but the interests had not been appealed to then. Bethlehem Steel at 40 was not Bethlehem Steel at 50. The interests behind this preparedness plan do not fear Germany or England. The plan merely fits into their imperialistic schemes."

The Senator charged that men had been forced into preparedness parades under threats of having their wages reduced. Working men in Washington, he said, had told him they marched in the demonstration here for that reason. The larger newspapers of the country, he declared, were influenced by the advertising of the "interests" behind the preparedness propaganda to devote most space to the testimony of witnesses before the Congressional Committee who favored preparedness.

"A cheap skate of a business man can get a column and a half on the front page if he will boost preparedness," he shouted. "But General Weaver, who speaks against it, cannot get a line. These newspapers sell their editorial good will along with their advertising. It costs something to say that, but for some years I have stood ready to pay the price."

INSISTS UNITED STATES NAVY

STRONGER THAN GERMANY'S

Senator La Follette quoted voluminously from reports of the committee hearings to prove that the navy is in better shape than preparedness advocates make it appear. He insisted that it is stronger than Germany's navy, and pointed out that Germany, with a navy about half as large as England's, has been able to prevent an invasion of her territory.

Sensors Oliver and Penrose, speaking against the armor-plate-plan proposal, insisted that it simply would mean a waste of money, now that the Bethlehem Steel Company had offered to furnish plate at a price to be set by the Federal Trade Commission.

"It would be little less than criminal to spend the amount proposed for a plant at this time," Senator Oliver declared.

Postmasters Named.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, July 19.—President Wilson to-day named the following Virginia postmasters: J. B. Everett, at North Emporia; John T. Cochran, at the Plains; Samuel J. Horne, at Cooburn.

DEUTSCHLAND READY
TO LEAVE AT ANY TIMEMaster and Full Crew Aboard, and
Indications Point to Early
Departure.

TUG TIMMINS CLOSE AT HAND

Stevadores All Discharged and Shore
Leave for Men Stopped—Efforts
Made to Induce Newspaper Re-
porters to Quit Scene.

Still at Pier at Late Hour

BALTIMORE, July 19.—The German merchant submarine Deutschland with every indication of being ready to sail at a moment's notice, was still lying at her pier here at a late hour to-night. Her officers and crew were aboard; her return cargo of nickel and crude rubber was said to be all stowed and her fuel tanks had been filled with a fresh supply of petrol.

BALTIMORE, MD., July 19.—At 11 o'clock to-night the two spars of the German merchant submarine were taken down, and the conning tower closed. Close at hand lay the tug Thomas F. Timmins with a full head of steam up.

In the vicinity of the submarine were numerous launches with agents of the Eastern Forwarding Company and patriots aboard. These craft at 11:05 o'clock hailed a newspaper launch and tried to induce the reporters to leave.

"You're interfering with our plans," the watchman said.

To all appearances the Deutschland was ready to leave at any time. Her master and full crew were said to be aboard.

Among the late events that tended to confirm this belief was the stowing of more than forty tons of fuel oil on the submarine late this afternoon. An official interested in the submarine's activities early in the day sought to create the impression that the fuel oil that had been run on to the pier were intended for the second submarine merchantman that is expected here in the near future.

The stevedores who have been working day and night for nearly a week putting aboard the return cargo of rubber and nickel were discharged this afternoon, two hours before the usual time for the day shift to quit.

SHORE LEAVE FOR CREW

OF SUBMARINE STOPPED

All shore leave for the crew of the Deutschland was stopped to-night. According to stories told by friends of some of the submarine's seamen, the latter have expressed deepest anxiety over the possibility of their falling victims to the allied cruisers reported to be waiting for the submarine off the cape—not from cannon, but from disabled engines through being caught in nets which they believe will be stretched for them.

"Entangled by these the submarine cannot escape," a friend of the men was quoted as saying to-night. "Her engines will be crippled, and it will be a slow and agonizing death to all on board. When the engines stop the lights will go out and the air will stop. That is what the men fear. They talked of it continually while with me at night, and they asked every one to pray for them."

This same man said the Deutschland's crew expressed fears that the Bremen might meet the fate they had pictured as a possibility to themselves.

ITALIAN YACHT SUNK

Lloyd's Reports Loss of the Angelo.

Which Is Sent Down by Ger-
man Submarine.

LONDON, July 19.—A Lloyd's dispatch from Algiers says the Italian steamship Angelo has been sunk by a submarine. The crew was landed.

The Greek steamship Evangelistria is believed to have been sunk.

The Angelo was 355 feet long, and of 3,695 tons gross.

The Evangelistria was of 2,212 tons gross, and 284 feet long.

MARSHALL TECHNICALLY
IN CUSTODY OF OFFICERWrit of Habeas Corpus to Prevent
Removal to Washington Is Dis-
missed by Judge Hand.

UNDER CHARGE OF CONTEMPT

Application for Stay of Execution,
Which Will Enable Appeal to U.
S. Supreme Court, Will Be Filed
at Once.

NEW YORK, July 19.—United States Attorney H. Snowden Marshall was technically in the custody of Robert D. Gordon, sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives to-night after his writ of habeas corpus preventing his removal to Washington for alleged contempt of the House was dismissed by Federal Judge Hand. Mr. Gordon is not in the city, however, and Mr. Marshall is not actually in his charge.

Former United States Senator John C. Spooner, the Federal attorney, announced that he would at once file with Judge Hand an application for a stay of execution which will enable him to appeal in the Supreme Court of the United States. Should the stay be refused, Mr. Marshall will go to Washington voluntarily.

In his decision, Judge Hand held that the House of Representatives acted within its rights in voting Mr. Marshall in contempt, owing to his criticism of the House which was made public during an investigation of charges against Representative Buchanan and others because of their connection with Labor's National Peace Council.

SWANSON AT WHITE HOUSE

Urges President to Use Influence on
Behalf of Senate Amendments
to Navy Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Senator Swanson, of Virginia, called at the White House to-day and urged the President to use his influence on behalf of the Senate amendments to the navy bill, which would increase the appropriations in the House bill by approximately \$50,000,000 and the number of new war craft from seventy-two to 157 in a three-year period.

Considerable opposition to the amendment is expected in conference. Before the Senate committee enlarged the building program, the President and officials of the Navy Department were consulted, and were reported to have sanctioned the Senate's proposed program.

PLEASURE YACHT ASHORE

Alexander Cochrane and Party Re-
moved From the Warrior and
Landed at Eastern Point.

NEW LONDON, CONN., July 19.—The steam yacht Warrior, owned by Alexander Cochrane, of New York, went on the rocks at Fisher's Island to-day in a fog. The owner and party were on board. A wireless call was sent out, and boats were sent to the stranded yacht, which was reported sinking, but in no particular danger. Mr. Cochrane and his party were landed at Eastern Point.

GENERAL WOOD SUSTAINED

War Department Upholds His Action in
Cases of Colonel Conley and
Lieutenant-Colonel Phelan.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The War Department to-day sustained the action of Major-General Leonard Wood in ordering Colonel Louis D. Conley and Lieutenant-Colonel John J. Phelan, of the Sixty-ninth New York Infantry, mustered out of the Federal service on account of physical disability.

ORDERED TO NEWPORT

Aeroplane Ship North Carolina Will
Participate in Summer
Maneuvers.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The aeroplane ship North Carolina arrived to-day at Hampton Roads from Pensacola, Fla., and was ordered to Newport, R. I., to join the fleet there and participate in the summer maneuvers. The North Carolina is equipped with several hydroplanes for use in reconnoiter work with the battle fleet.

BANDITS ATTACK TRAIN;
EIGHT OF THEM CAUGHTTaken to Chihuahua City by Govern-
ment Forces for Trial by
Court-Martial.

DRIVEN TO ACT BY HUNGER

Prisoners Members of Small Band
Commanded by Martin Lopez, No-
torious Villa Lieutenant—Carranza
Troops Suffer No Casualties.

CHIHUAHUA CITY, MEX., July 19.—A band of Villa bandits attacked a train on the Mexico Northwestern near Santa Ysabel, about fifty miles west of here, yesterday, according to a report to General Trevino to-day. The bandits were beaten off, and eight of them were brought here to-day for trial by court-martial.

The prisoners, who said they were members of a small band commanded by Martin Lopez, a notorious Villa lieutenant, asserted they had been cut off from the main Villa army after the recent fight at Jimenez and were on their way to the Big Bend district of Texas. After the Jimenez engagement, they said, they made their way into the Providencia Valley, west of here, where they remained in hiding several days, finally being forced by hunger to attack the train, which they did not expect to carry a military escort.

A loosened rail brought the train to a stop, but before the outlaws could board it the guard detached and attacked. The bandits fled southward afoot, leaving horses, prisoners and several dead. Government troops suffered no casualties.

PLANNED TO CROSS LINE

AND MOVE TOWARD DURANGO

The prisoners said if they had been successful they would not have attempted to rejoin the army along the Durango border, but planned to cross the line of the Mexican Central and start toward Ojinaga.

Reports of General Trevino to-day from Colonel Rojas, at Ojinaga, said that he had completed the disposition of his troops to repel the reported advance of a band of 200 Villa followers upon the American border in that vicinity. He said that his scouts had not determined the exact location of the bandits, but added that he had information that the outlaws have connections in the United States from whom they expect to obtain what supplies and ammunition they need.

Reports from the south were meager, but indicated that the campaign against the main Villa band along the Rio Colorado, under General Matias Ramos, is progressing favorably.

SIX GOVERNMENT SOLDIERS

KILLED IN VILLISTA ATTACK

EL PASO, TEX., July 19.—Six government soldiers were killed in the Villista attack upon a Carranzista supply train at Palomas, Chihuahua, on Monday, according to private dispatches here to-day. The dispatches conflicted with previous reports from Chihuahua City, which indicated the attack took place yesterday.

Other reports reaching here said that a band of about fifty outlaws under Nicholas Hernandez, also is operating in the vicinity of Palomas, southwest of Chihuahua City, and about fifteen miles east of Santa Ysabel. It is believed here that the remnants of the band under Martin Lopez, which was beaten off by the train guard in the attack may attempt to effect a junction with the command. Lopez is a brother of Pablo Lopez, recently executed at Chihuahua City for participation in the massacre of eighteen Americans at Santa Ysabel last January.

The dispatches reaching here said that the Villa followers had been able to seize none of the supplies, and indicated that their dead numbered seven. Several weeks ago a train carrying a small detachment of de facto soldiers was flagged near Palomas by bandits, but the engineer opened the throttle and evaded them. The Villa men fired into the train as it passed, wounding six of the soldiers, including a captain, reports to-day said.

RECEDING WATERS
BRING DEATH TOLL
TO SEVENTY-THREEAt Least Nine Known to Be
Missing, and Reports
Are Incomplete.ISOLATED COMMUNITIES
ADD TO GRUESOME TOTALCommunication by Rail and Wire
Is Being Restored
Slowly.

CONDITIONS VASTLY IMPROVED

Railroads Being Repaired and In-
dustrial Plants Put in
Order.

Seventy-three deaths and at least nine persons missing and believed dead is the flood toll in the southeastern States, according to latest reports. News from isolated communities, cut off until now from communication with the outside world, adds almost hourly to the loss of life and property damage.

Reports last night from Mitchell County, in the extreme western part of North Carolina, brought the news that eleven lives were lost there and more than 100 homes were washed away in Sunday's disastrous floods at Linville Falls, on the Yadkin River, near Hickory, five persons were drowned, and near Taylorsville three children lost their lives. Seven bodies were taken from cabins floating on the Yadkin at Ronda to-day. Other deaths are reported at Bat Cave and Chimney Rock, N. C.; at Belmont, N. C.; at Greenville, S. C.; near Columbia, S. C.; and above Wilkesboro, on the Yadkin River.

There is a possibility that some of the reported deaths may be duplications but when complete information is obtained from all parts of North Carolina known to have suffered in the high waters it is feared the number of lives lost will be materially increased.

The crest of the flood has been passed in South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, Tennessee and West Virginia, leaving in its wake demoralized roads and wire communications, and armies of repairmen are working in an effort to restore normal conditions. Many bridges and miles of roadway must be replaced.

NINE LIVES ARE LOST

IN BAT CAVE SECTION

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 19.—It was stated to-night by persons returning from the Bat Cave section that nine lives had been lost in the villages of Bat Cave and Chimney Rock, both of which were said to have been almost destroyed in the flood Sunday.

John T. Patrick, owner of extensive property interests in the Bat Cave section, in Rutherford County, arrived here to-day, bringing first definite news of the disaster. He had come most of the way on foot, and was clad in a mud-covered pair of overalls, and had lost one shoe. He said four of the known dead in that section were in the village of Bat Cave, and that the post-office, with about \$500 worth of stamps and some government papers, had been swept away, as had many houses near the Rocky Broad River. The other lives lost were at Chimney Rock, or nearby.

Mr. Patrick gave the list of known dead, which brings total deaths from the flood to forty-eight, according to figures compiled here. The dead:

Mrs. E. E. Huntley, residing at Bear Wallow Mountain.

Two adopted children of Mrs. Huntley.

Miss Stacy Hill, Bat Cave.

Isabel Conner, Bat Cave.

M. A. Hunt, Chimney Rock.

Infant child of Tilton Freeman.

MANY NARROW ESCAPES

WHEN FLOOD SWEEPS VALLEY

Mr. Patrick told of many narrow escapes from the flood which swept down the Broad River valley, which in places is hardly a quarter of a mile wide, and he said that nearly every store in the two villages had been destroyed, so that persons in the villages had been almost starving since Sunday. The Bat Cave section, twenty-five miles from a railroad, and without telephone or telegraph facilities, had no way unit of telling of the plight. Two wagonloads of supplies were sent from Hendersonville to-day, and arrangements are being made here and at Hendersonville to forward more food and clothing. It was not until last night that anything definite was known of the disaster there.

The torrent swept down the narrow valley, carrying everything in its path. Mr. Patrick was told, and he said there were frequent landslides, as huge quantities of rock and earth, loosened by the water, tumbled down the gorge. Heavy crop damage was done, he said, and it appeared that in some cases crops could not be planted for years where the torrent raged, because the earth had been swept away, leaving bare rock. In some cases buildings in the two villages went down the river, two of the children being lost in this manner. Mrs. Huntley, who had adopted the children, escaped from the house, and Monday her body was found in a tree.

VICTIMS SWEEP AWAY

BY RAGING STREAM

Mrs. Huntley's body was the only one recovered when Patrick left, he said, but he added that it had been established that the others were dead. Conner, one of those swept away in the torrent, was seventy-six years old. He was a guest at Tilton Freeman's home on Sunday morning, and he, with Mr. and Mrs. Freeman, left the house and sought refuge in a barn. Mrs. Freeman carrying her baby. This barn